

LEEDS INTERNATIONAL FESTIVAL FOR INNOVATIONS IN MUSIC PRODUCTION AND COMPOSITION

ght & Sharpness 5' // **Amanda Stuart** // udio-Visual

is acousmatic piece was inspired by the painting ight and Sharpness" by Paul Klee (1935). Klee alysed musical composition methods and translated em into "polyphony painting". In this piece I have versed this process, taking inspiration from the colours d shapes of his work to directly affect the sounds d structure of the piece. Klee uses a limited palette 4 colours. I chose two percussion instruments for ich colour and two to represent the pointillist effect in a painting:

- · Orange Finger Cymbal, Wind Chimes
- Pink 2 Glockenspiels samples
- Yellow Wood Block, Guiro
- Light Blue Djembe, Low Tom
- · Pointillism Rainstick, Maracas

ese instruments were recorded and transformed into samples using such programs as Metasynth - where e picture itself was used to transform the samples, and gh C, where the shapes within the picture dictated the ontour of the sound. The samples were then treated the various sound editing techniques.

re length of the piece correlates to the size of the picture, with the samples matched with the corresponding colours in the different sections of the ecc. From the dramatic start, each point of the contour a "hit point", providing the internal structure. This ecc creates an unusual soundworld, which climaxes the a seemingly endless pitch rise into the unknown.

pecial thanks for the use of the painting in the video entrum Paul Klee - das licht und die Schärfen, 1935)

ternal shades 11' // Robert Bentall // cousmatic (8-channel)

ternal Shades began as an etude on the Schaefferian encept of Grosse Note. A series of 'notes' were empiled from an array of sounds including guitar armonics, glass resonances and trombone sounds. The everall aim of the study was to create a piece ased around resonance. Initially, I found this idea quite apping, viewing the piece as merely a demonstration of empositional technique.

owever, over the course of the time in which it was omposed, the piece took on a life of its own, with the cosse notes blended together with an array of colourful xtures and materials. The harmonic language of the ork evolves in a ternary form – the guitar material arts in simple minor triads and evolves into percussive harmonic strikes, which gather pace and intensity, then turning to simpler chords again toward the end.

The piece was originally a stereo work but subsequently remixed in 8-channel. It was completed in the studios of Escola da Musica at Universidade Federale do Rio de Janeiro, Brazil during July-August 2012. With thanks to Prof. Rodrigo Cicchelli Velloso for inspiration and support.

Yegl 12.30' // **Elsa Justel** // Acousmatic (8-channel)

The piece is based on sounds of electronic bips and other surrounding sounds of everyday life. The title belongs to the name of one of those multiple fade files that the editing program uses to lose. So, look for it and enjoy the chase!

Yegl Commissioned by Ton Bruynel Foundation.

Blow 11' // **Daniel Saul** // Fixed work for alto saxophone and electronics

Blow is an exploration of the alto saxophone within a purely acousmatic, fixed context. Using recordings rooted in free jazz improvisation, it attempts to create musical meaning from this material within a framework that is diametrically opposed to that of improvised music i.e. that of fixed media.

Improvisation and extended techniques (directed by the composer, performed by David Jackson of Solar Fire Trio), provided a wide range of material, and led to the identification of musical sections; exploration of key clicks, breath sounds passing through the instrument, and drone notes arranged to establish strong tonality, are all explored. Through transformation the instrument extends its natural boundaries, and through electroacoustic studio techniques I create contrasting spatial environments within the piece.

Blow is in two halves, the first of which contains several sub-sections, exploring different sounds types, spaces and stylistic shifts, including passages of pure, organised sound, and sections which adopt aspects of free jazz and drone music. The second half is a gradual crescendo, where tones are clustered to create oppressive micro-tonal density and sounds amass to fill spectral space.

Blow was realised at the NOVARS Research Centre for Electroacoustic Music, University of Manchester, between May and September 2012.